

BY-LAWS

doValue S.p.A.

SECTION I

CORPORATE NAME – REGISTERED OFFICE - DURATION – CORPORATE PURPOSE

Article 1

1. An Italian law public limited company (Società per Azioni) is incorporated under the name "doValue S.p.A." (the "Company").

Article 2

1. The Company's Registered Office is in Verona. Pursuant to these Articles and applicable law, the Board of Directors may open and/or close, in Italy and abroad, Secondary Offices, Branch Offices and Representative Offices, howsoever called.
2. The Registered Office may be located or transferred to any address in the Municipality referred to in the above paragraph, following a resolution by the Company's Board of Directors, or to any other location within the Italian state, following a resolution by the Shareholders' Meeting or by the Board of the Directors.

Article 3

1. The Company's duration shall be until 31st December 2100, unless extended by a resolution of the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting.

Article 4

1. The Company has as its purpose the conduct, directly and/or indirectly (or by way of subsidiary and/or investee companies), of activity of management, recovery and collection of debt, even by enforcement, in Italy and abroad, as well as any other activity in any way connected or instrumental to the debt management and recovery, in respect of the regulations in force each time.

For the purposes of interpretation clarity, every activity cited below, or in any case falling within the corporate purpose, may be performed by the Company directly or indirectly.

2. In particular, the Company may:
 - i) accept mandates relating to debt management recovery and collection, also with regard to securitization transactions;
 - ii) acquire third party receivables or assets, both with and without recourse;
 - iii) participate in judicial auctions (aste giudiziarie) and bankruptcy auctions (aste fallimentari) for debt recovery;

- iv) purchase, even through participation in the aforementioned auctions, sell, lease and exchange, properties used as debt collateral.
3. The corporate purpose also includes the following operations:
- i) carry out, even on behalf of third parties, valuation of receivables and credit quality assessments;
 - ii) provide administrative and financial advisory services also in order to facilitate the assignment and the liquidation of receivables and other assets;
 - iii) provide advisory and other services to businesses, also with reference to the recovery strategy, the quality or keeping of data, or related issues;
 - iv) provide valuation services of assets and real estate property and assistance in their acquisition, improvement and marketing; as well as
 - v) provide asset management and facility management services in relation to properties.
 - vi) undertake - by means of printed works published by the Company or by third parties as well as by means of websites and other multimedia and/or electronic platforms - the publication and dissemination of information, also concerning the sale of moveable and immovable assets, credits and other assets, also via third parties, are aimed at liquidating said assets.
4. The Company may also constitute, assume and/or hold interests and investments in other companies and enterprises, of any nature, with the exclusion of the assumption of investments in relation to the public.
5. In accordance with applicable law, the Company may issue bonds, including convertible bonds, as well as acquire, directly or indirectly, shares and/or financial instruments, in Italy and abroad, also in the context of securitization transactions.
6. In pursuing the corporate purpose, the Company may also:
- a) perform financial, technical and administrative coordination of companies and entities in which it invests and render to the same performances of services;
 - b) complete all commercial, industrial, financial, securities and real estate transactions connected to achieving the corporate purpose;
 - c) enter into mortgages and obtain forms of financing of any nature and duration in respect of legal limits;
 - d) grant real or personal securities and real estate guarantees, including sureties, pledges and mortgages in guarantee of its own obligations or those of companies and enterprises of the same group to which it belongs;
 - e) participate in auctions and public tenders and enter into bankruptcy arrangements;
 - f) exercise in general any further activity and complete any other operation related, connected to or useful for achieving the corporate purpose.

7. The corporate activity performed directly by the Company excludes: activities of collection of savings from the public in accordance with existing laws; activities reserved to entities authorised to exercise towards the public services of financial investment and collective asset management; the exercise in relation to the public of any activity qualified by law as banking and/or financial. This is subject to the possibility for the Company to hold investments, even totalitarian, in companies that perform the aforementioned activities in respect of the regulations applicable each time.

SECTION II

CAPITAL AND SHARES

Article 5

1. The share capital, which has been fully subscribed and paid-in, amounts to Euro 41,280,000 (forty one million two hundred and eighty thousand), divided into No. 80,000,000 (eighty million) ordinary shares, with no par value.
2. The share capital may be increased also by contributions of assets other than cash.
3. The capital may be increased by a resolution of the Shareholders' Meeting through the issue of shares, including shares with different rights, in compliance with the law.
4. In addition, the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting may resolve to exclude pre-emption rights within the limits and according to the procedures set forth in Article 2441(4), second sentence, of the Italian Civil Code.
5. The Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on 26 May 2020, resolved to grant to the Board of Directors the power, pursuant to Art. 2443 of the Italian Civil Code, to increase the share capital, on one or more occasions, also in a divisible form in accordance with Art. 2439 of the Italian Civil Code, on 25 May 2025, with no pre-emption rights pursuant to Art. 2441, paragraph 4, second sentence of the Italian Civil Code, through the issue, also in multiple tranches, of a number of ordinary shares not exceeding 10% of the total number of doValue shares outstanding on the date the power is exercised and in any case for a nominal amount not exceeding 10% of the pre-existing share capital, with the right to establish any additional share premium.

For the purpose of exercising the above-mentioned powers, the Board of Directors is also vested with all powers to (a) set the number, for each tranche, the unit issue price (including the possible share premium) and the dividend rights of the ordinary shares, within the limits set forth in Art. 2441, paragraph 4, second sentence, and/or Art. 2438 and/or Art. 2346, paragraph 5, of the Italian Civil Code, on the understanding that the above-mentioned issue price may be lower than the pre-existing book value, within the limits set by law; (b) set the deadline for the subscription of the Company's ordinary shares; and (c) implement the above delegations and powers including, but not limited to, those necessary to make the consequent amendments to the articles of association that may be necessary from time to time.

6. The Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting may also resolve to assign shares or other financial instruments to employees within the limits set forth in Article 2349 of the Italian Civil Code.
7. Ordinary shares shall be registered and entitle their holders to equal rights.
8. The shares shall be indivisible and any joint ownership shall be governed by the law.
9. Shareholders shall be domiciled, for the purpose of their relationship with the Company, at the address indicated by them.
10. The shareholder status shall imply, per se, acceptance of these Articles.

SECTION III

SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

Article 6

1. The Shareholders' Meeting may be ordinary or extraordinary pursuant to the law, and meetings, generally, shall be held in the municipality where the Company has its registered office, unless otherwise resolved by the Board of Directors and provided that it is held in Italy or in a country where the Company, directly or through its subsidiaries or investee companies, performs its activity.
2. The Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting shall be convened at least once a year, in accordance with Article 7 below, within 120 days of the end of the financial year, to resolve on matters delegated to it by the law or by these Articles; if the legal requirements are met, said deadline may be extended by 180 days.
3. The Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting shall determine the remuneration of the bodies elected by it. The Shareholders' Meeting may set a maximum amount for the remuneration of all the Directors, including the Directors holding specific offices, to be distributed among the individual members as decided by the Board of Directors.

Article 7

1. The Shareholders' Meeting, both ordinary and extraordinary, shall be convened any time the governing body (in the person of the Chairman or of at least two Directors or other Directors delegated by the Board) deems it necessary and appropriate, or upon request of the Board of Statutory Advisors, or of the Shareholders, pursuant to the law, or in any other cases required by the law.
2. The Shareholders' Meeting, both ordinary and extraordinary, shall be convened in compliance with statutory and regulatory provisions, by means of notice published on the Company's website and with the other methods set forth by applicable law and regulations.
3. The agenda of the Shareholders' Meeting shall be established by the person who exercises the power to convene the Meeting in accordance with applicable law and these Articles. Should the Meeting be called upon request of the Shareholders, its agenda shall be set by taking into account the indications contained in the request.

Article 8

1. The Shareholders with the right to vote may attend the Shareholders' Meeting provided that their right to vote is certified in accordance with the terms and the procedures set forth by the statutory and/or regulatory provisions in force from time to time.

Article 9

1. Each ordinary share shall carry one vote.
2. The persons entitled to attend the Shareholders' Meeting may be represented by third parties, whether Shareholders or otherwise, in compliance with applicable law.
3. Voting proxies may also be granted in writing, and signed, electronically, pursuant to applicable law, and notified to the Company at the email address specifically provided for said purpose in accordance with the procedures indicated in the notice of call or with another procedure selected among those set forth by statutory and/or regulatory provisions and indicated in the notice of call.
4. The Chairman of the Shareholders' Meeting shall be responsible for verifying the validity of each proxy and, in general, the right to attend the Meeting, as well as for overcoming any objections.
5. The Company, under the power granted to it by the law, shall not designate the representative indicated in Article 135-*undecies* of Legislative Decree No. 58 of 24th February 1998, unless the Board of Directors has resolved said designation, for a specific Meeting, by notifying it in the notice of call of the relevant Meeting.
6. In the case of said designation, Shareholders may grant the designated representative a proxy with voting instructions on all or some of the items on the agenda in accordance with the procedures set forth by statutory and regulatory provisions in force from time to time. This proxy shall be effective solely with reference to the items for which voting instructions were given.

Article 10

1. The Shareholders' Meeting shall be chaired by the Chairman of the Board of Directors. Should the Chairman of the Board of Directors be absent or prevented from performing his/her duties, the Shareholders' Meeting shall be chaired by a Director or by another person designated by a majority vote at the Shareholders' Meeting.
2. The Chairman of the Shareholders' Meeting shall have full power to conduct the meetings in compliance with the criteria and methods set forth by applicable law and by the Shareholders' Meeting Regulation, where approved under Article 11(3) below.
3. The Chairman shall be supported by a Secretary designated among those in attendance by majority vote. In addition to the cases provided for by the law, when the Chairman deems it appropriate, a Notary Public designated by the Chairman may be asked to act as Secretary. The Chairman may also seek, if necessary, the support of two scrutineers selected by the Chairman among those in attendance, whether Shareholders or otherwise.

Article 11

1. The validity of the Shareholders' Meeting, both ordinary and extraordinary, and the validity of its resolutions shall be governed by the provisions of the law and these Articles.
2. The Shareholders' Meeting shall be held on single call. The Board of Directors may

decide that the Shareholders' Meeting be held on multiple calls. The majorities required by law shall apply.

3. The Shareholders' Meeting may approve a regulation governing the meetings.
4. The meetings shall take place in accordance with applicable law, these Articles, and, if adopted, the regulation referred to in paragraph 3 of this Article.

Article 12

1. The minutes of the Shareholders' Meeting shall be drawn up, approved and signed by the Chairman of the Shareholders' Meeting, the Secretary and the scrutineers, if appointed, when said minutes are not drawn up by a Notary Public. The copies and extracts of the minutes, signed and certified by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or by an authorized representative thereof, shall provide full evidence thereof.

SECTION IV

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Article 13

1. The Company shall be managed by a Board of Directors made up of no less than 7 (seven) and no more than 11 (eleven) members. The Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting shall, from time to time, before the election, determine the number of members within the above limits.
2. The Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting may vary the number of members of the Board of Directors – even during its term of office – in accordance with the limits set forth in the first paragraph of this Article, by adopting the relevant resolutions. The term of any Directors appointed during the Board's term of office shall expire on the expiration of the term of the Directors already in office at the time of their appointment.
3. The Directors shall serve a term of three financial years, unless a shorter term is established at the time of appointment. Their term of office shall expire on the date of the Shareholders' Meeting convened to approve the financial statements relating to the last year of their term of office, and members may be re-elected.
4. ~~At least two-fifths~~~~The composition~~ of the Board of Directors shall be made up of directors of the less represented ensure gender, rounded up to the next whole number ~~balance in accordance with applicable statutory and regulatory provisions.~~
5. The members of the Board of Directors shall meet the requirements of integrity and any other requirements, provided by the statutory and regulatory provisions in force from time to time; in addition, a number of Directors at least equal to the number envisaged by the statutory and regulatory provisions in force from time to time shall meet the requirements of independence set forth by the legal and regulatory provisions applicable from time to time, including ~~(hereinafter~~ the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code as referred to in the applicable regulations (the “Independent Directors”)). If an Independent Director no longer meets the requirements of independence, said Independent Director shall not be disqualified from office – without prejudice to the obligation to give immediate notice of such circumstance to the Board of Directors – provided that said requirement is still met by the minimum number of Directors as envisaged by the legal and regulatory provisions in force. Where, on the other hand, an Independent Director no longer meets the requirements of independence as envisaged by the law and the minimum number of Independent Directors ceased to exist, the director who no longer meets such requirement shall be disqualified from office and replaced in accordance with sub-paragraph 18 below. ~~set forth by applicable law and these Articles.~~
6. The Directors shall be elected by the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting based on lists submitted by the Shareholders or by the Board of Directors in office, which shall indicate no more than 11 (eleven) candidates numbered progressively.

7. Each list shall be made up of at least a candidate or two if the list contains a number of candidates equal to or greater than 7 (seven) – who shall meet~~meeting the requirements of independence set forth by the statutory provisions from time to time~~ applicable requirements to be qualified as Independent Director~~Directors such as to ensure the minimum number required by the statutory and regulatory provisions.~~

8. Each~~8.~~

~~During the period of application of the statutory and regulatory provisions from time to time in force on gender balance, each~~ list containing a number of candidates greater than or equal to 3 (three) shall be made up of candidates from both genders, such as to ensure gender balance pursuant to that set out in sub-paragraph 4. Regardless of the order of priority assigned to the candidates in the lists, the list from which the majority of candidates are drawn shall ensure that at least two-fifths of the candidates drawn from that list are of the less represented gender,~~at least to the minimum extent required in each case by applicable statutory and regulatory provisions in force from time to time.~~

9. Persons~~Each person~~ with voting rights (as well as (i) the persons with voting rights belonging to the same group, which shall mean a person – whether a company or otherwise – exercising control as defined by Article 2359 of the Italian Civil Code and any company controlled by, or under the common control as, the same person; or (ii) the parties to the same shareholders' agreement under Article 122 of Legislative Decree No. 58 of 24th February 1998; or (iii) persons with voting rights otherwise affiliated with each other by virtue of relevant affiliate relationship as contemplated under applicable statutory and/or regulatory provisions) may submit, either individually or jointly with others, a single list of candidates, and, likewise, each candidate may be included in one list only, under penalty of ineligibility.
10. Except for any list submitted by the Board of Directors, the persons entitled to submit lists for the appointment of the Directors shall be the persons with voting rights who, at the time of submission of the lists, aggregately hold – whether individually or jointly – voting shares representing at least 2.5% of the share capital with voting rights in the Shareholders' Meeting or the lower percentage envisaged by mandatory provisions of law or regulations.
11. Ownership of the minimum number of shares required to submit the lists shall be determined by taking into account the shares registered in each shareholder's name, or in the name of several~~two or more~~ Shareholders acting jointly, pursuant to paragraph 10, at the time the lists are filed at the Company's registered office. Proof of ownership of the number of shares required for submitting the lists shall be certified under the applicable provisions of law; said certification may also be submitted to the Company after the list has been filed, provided it is done within the deadline set forth for the Company's publication of the lists.

12. The lists submitted by the Shareholders shall be filed, under penalty of forfeiture, at the Company's registered office, also by remote means of communication and according to the methods indicated in the notice of call, which enable the identification of the persons filing said lists, no later than twenty-five days prior to the date set for the Shareholders' Meeting (or by any other deadline set forth from time to time by applicable law). In addition, said lists shall be made available to the general public at the Company's registered office, on the Company's website, and with the other procedures set forth by applicable law, at least twenty-one days prior to the date set for the Shareholders' Meeting (or by any other deadline set forth from time to time by applicable law). The Board of Director's list, if submitted, shall be filed at the Company's registered office no later than the thirtieth day prior to the date of the Shareholders' Meeting, and shall be subject to the communication requirements provided for by applicable law.
13. The lists shall be accompanied by:
 - (a) information regarding the identity of the Shareholders submitting the lists, with indication of the total percentage of the share capital held by said Shareholders, it being understood that the documentation proving said ownership may also be submitted after the lists have been filed, provided it is done within the deadline set forth for the publication of the lists by the Company;
 - (b) a statement by the Shareholders other than those holding, whether individually or jointly, a controlling interest or a relative majority interest, in which they declare the absence of any direct or indirect affiliation to such Shareholders under the law and regulations in force from time to time;
 - (c) exhaustive information on the personal and professional backgrounds of the candidates and indication, where appropriate, of the suitability of their candidacy as Independent Directors ~~under applicable law~~, and a statement by said candidates declaring that they meet the requirements set forth by applicable law and regulations and by these Articles, including the requirements of integrity and, where applicable, independence, and their acceptance of the candidacy and of the office, if elected;
 - (d) any other statements, information, and/or documents required by applicable law or regulations.
14. The lists failing to comply with the provisions set forth in the above paragraphs shall be deemed not to have been submitted.
15. The vote cast by each Shareholder shall be deemed cast for the entire list and, therefore, automatically, for all of the candidates listed thereon, without any changes, additions or exclusions being permitted.
16. Each person with the right to vote may vote for one list only.
17. The election of the Board of Directors shall take place as follows:
 - (A) should only one list be submitted, all members of the Board of Directors shall be drawn from that list;

(B) should two or more lists be submitted:

(i) all the Directors to be appointed, except for 3 (three)~~(one)~~, shall be drawn from the list that received the highest number of votes (the “Majority List”),⁵ in the progressive order with which they were listed in said list;~~(the “Majority List”)~~;

(ii) the candidate indicated therein by the first number~~the remaining Director to be elected, who meets the requirement of independence referred to in paragraph 5 above,~~ shall be drawn from the list that has obtained the second-highest number of votes (after the “First Minority~~Majority~~ List”);

(ii)(iii)

rom each of the other lists and which obtained, respectively, the third and fourth largest number of votes (the “Other Lists”) shall be drawn the candidate indicated therein by the first number provided that each of said other lists has obtained a number of votes exceeding 5% of the share capital and is not connected in,~~by any way, not even~~means, directly or indirectly, connected, under applicable law and regulations, with the First~~persons with voting rights that submitted, or voted for, the Majority List~~ “(hereinafter the “Minority List” and/or with Another List. It is understood that, if a list other than”); the Majority List is linked to another list, the first-candidate drawn from~~numbered progressively in the list and meeting the list obtaining the highest number~~requirement of votes~~independence referred to in paragraph 5 above~~ shall be elected~~appointed~~;

(iii)(iv)

should ~~the first two~~ or more lists obtain the same number of votes validly cast in the Shareholders'~~Shareholders'~~ Meeting, the list submitted by the Shareholders holding the greater number of shares shall prevail;

(iv)(v)

should the number of candidates indicated in the Majority List submitted, be lower than the number of directors to be appointed pursuant to sub-paragraph (i), all directors shall be drawn from said list in the sequential order in which they are indicated on that list; after drawing the other directors from the First Minority List and the Other Lists, pursuant to the above sub-paragraphs (ii) e (iii), the remaining directors, for the positions not covered by the Majority List, will be drawn from the First Minority List. If the list is not sufficient, the directors still to be elected shall be drawn in accordance with the same methods, from the Other Lists, based on the number of votes and the number of candidates on such lists. Finally, should the total number of candidates indicated in both the majority and minority lists submitted,~~be lower than the number of Directors to be appointed,~~ the remaining Directors shall be appointed by a resolution adopted by the Shareholders'~~Shareholders'~~ Meeting by a relative majority in compliance with the requirements of independence and gender balance provided by the law and regulations from time to time in force. In the event of a tie vote between two or more candidates, a ballot shall be held in the Shareholders' Meeting;

(vi) List candidates shall be selected in sequential order, except as set out in paragraphs

8 and 17(B)(v) above;

~~(v) — (C) it is understood that, (a) if only one Other List is submitted, one Director each shall be drawn from the First Minority List and the Other List, and the third Director shall~~ should only one list be submitted, the Shareholders' Meeting shall vote on said list, and if said list obtains the relative majority of the votes cast in the Shareholders' Meeting, the candidates, listed in progressive order, shall be appointed up to the number determined by the Shareholders' Meeting, thereby ensuring compliance with the requirements of independence and gender balance set forth by the law and regulations in force from time to time;

~~should no list~~ be drawn from the Other List; (b) if no Other Lists are submitted, one Director shall be drawn from the First Minority List and two additional Directors shall be drawn from the Majority List; (c) if the lists other than the Majority List are not sufficient, the Directors still to be elected shall be drawn from the Majority List;

~~(vi)~~ (vii)

~~should no list be submitted~~ or only one list be submitted; and said list has not obtained the relative majority of the votes cast in the ~~Shareholders'~~ Shareholders' Meeting, the ~~Shareholders'~~ Shareholders' Meeting shall resolve according to the methods set forth in sub-paragraph B (v)~~5~~ above;

~~(E)~~ should the minimum number required for Independent Directors and/or Directors of the less represented gender not be elected, the Directors of the First Minority List and, in the absence of suitable candidates, of the Other Lists (taking into account first of all that which obtained the highest number of votes) ~~Majority List~~ bearing the highest progressive number and not meeting the relevant requirements shall be replaced by the following candidates meeting the necessary requirement or requirements and belonging, respectively, to the First Minority List and, in the absence of suitable replacements, to the Other Lists ~~to the same Majority List;~~

~~(vii)~~ (viii)

~~(F)~~ should no suitable substitutes be found, even by applying the replacement criteria referred to in sub-paragraph (E), ~~vii) above,~~ the candidate belonging to the less voted Other List, if any, shall be replaced by the first non-elected candidate with the missing requirement belonging to the Majority List; if, also in this case, no suitable substitutes are found, the Shareholders' ~~Shareholders'~~ Meeting shall resolve by a relative majority. ~~In this case, the replacements shall be made starting with the lists that progressively received the highest number of votes and with the candidates bearing the highest progressive number;~~

~~(viii)~~ (ix)

~~(G)~~ the list voting procedure, described in this paragraph, shall apply only in the case of appointment of the entire Board of Directors. If ~~In~~ the event that the entire Board of Directors is not to be renewed or must be integrated pursuant to sub-

paragraph 2, or if, for any reason, it is not possible to appoint the Board of Directors according to the methods set forth in this sub-paragraph, the Shareholders' Meeting shall resolve according to the methods set forth in sub-paragraph B (v~~iv~~) above.

18. In the event that one or more Directors cease to hold office, for any reason whatsoever, the replacement thereof shall occur in accordance with the following procedures:

~~(ii)(i) if the Director who ceased to hold office was drawn from the Minority List, and provided that the majority of directorsDirectors is still made up of directorsDirectors appointed by the Shareholders' Meeting, the Board of Directors shall appoint the substitute directorDirector by co-optation under Article 2386 of the Italian Civil Code, provided that the substitute by resolution approved by the Board of Statutory Auditors, among the candidates belonging to the same list as the Director who ceased to hold office, if such candidate meets the necessary requirements governing gender balance as set out in sub-paragraph 4 and the minimum number of Independent Directors is ensured, willing to accept the appointment. In the event that, for any reason whatsoever, there are no available and eligible candidates, or in the event that the Director who ceased to hold office was drawn from the Majority List, the Board of Directors shall appoint the substitute Director or Directors by co-optation under Article 2386 of the Italian Civil Code, without any restrictions on the choice among the candidates of the lists submitted at the time;~~

19. If~~if~~ the Shareholders' Meeting is required by law to appoint the directorsDirectors necessary to fill in the vacancies in the Board of Directors as a result of a termination of office, the replacement will occur by decision of the ordinary Shareholders' Meeting which resolves with the relative majority of votes represented therein, without any restrictions on the choice among the candidates of the lists submitted at the time.following provisions shall apply:

(a) ~~_____~~
The~~should it be necessary to replace one or more members of the Board of Directors drawn from the Majority List, said replacement shall take place by a resolution of the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting passed by relative majority of the votes represented at the Meeting, without any restrictions on the choice among the candidates of the lists submitted at the time;~~

(a) ~~on the other hand, should it be required to replace a member of the Board of Directors drawn from the Minority List, the Shareholders' Meeting shall, by relative majority of the votes represented at the Meeting, choose the relevant substitutes, where possible, among the candidates who were indicated in the list from which the Director to be replaced was drawn and who have confirmed in writing, at least 10 (ten) days prior to the date set for the Meeting, their candidacy, together with the statements relating to the absence of any reasons for their ineligibility or disqualification, as well as the~~

~~existence of the requirements set forth for the office by applicable statutory and regulatory provisions or by these Articles. Should the above replacement procedure not be possible, said member of the Board of Directors shall be replaced by a resolution to be passed by relative majority of the votes represented at the Meeting in accordance, where possible, with the requirements regarding the necessary representation of minority shareholders;~~

~~the~~ aforementioned replacements shall, in any case, be carried out in compliance with that set out in sub-paragraph 4~~the applicable statutory and regulatory provisions~~ regarding gender balance and the minimum number of Independent Directors. ~~;~~ and

~~The~~ term of the Directors appointed by the Shareholders' Meeting in replacement of the members who ceased to hold office shall expire on the expiration of the term of the Directors in office at the time of their appointment.

2019. Any time the majority of Directors appointed by the Shareholders' Meeting ceases to hold office, for any reason whatsoever, the entire Board of Directors shall be deemed to have resigned and the Directors that are still in office shall convene a Shareholders' Meeting to elect the new Board of Directors according to the procedure described in this Article.

Article 14

1. The Board of Directors shall elect a Chairman among its members for three financial years, unless a shorter term of office is established by the Shareholders' Meeting under Article 13 above. Should the Chairman be absent or prevented from performing his/her duties, the Chairman shall be replaced by the eldest Director among those present..
2. The Board of Directors, upon the Chairman's proposal, shall appoint a Secretary, who may be selected among its members or otherwise. Should the Secretary be absent or prevented from performing his/her duties, the Board of Directors shall designate a substitute.
3. The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall promote the effective operation of the corporate governance system, ensuring a balance of powers vis-à-vis the executive Directors. The Chairman shall liaise with the internal supervisory bodies and other internal committees, oversee external and institutional relations, promote all actions and adopt all measures that are most appropriate to protect and safeguard the Company's image and reputation. In order to perform his/her duties effectively, the Chairman shall have a non-executive role and shall not carry out – even merely in practice – management activities. The Chairman of the Board of Directors, in particular, shall:

~~—~~convene the Board of Directors and set its agenda;

- ensure the effectiveness of the Board’s debates, seeing to it that the resolutions adopted are the result of an adequate dialogue and concrete contribution of all Directors;
- make sure that adequate information and documentation relating to the matters on the agenda be provided to all Directors with sufficient notice;
- coordinate the activities of the Board of Directors, make sure that its meetings are duly held, and verify voting results, while serving as a neutral intermediary promoting the dialogue between executive and non-executive members and encouraging their active participation in the Board’s activities.

Article 15

1. The Board of Directors may appoint a Managing Director, establishing his/her tasks, and may assign tasks or delegate special powers to other members of the Board.
2. The Managing Director shall be responsible for overseeing the implementation of the resolutions passed by the Board of Directors.
3. The Managing Director and the other Directors vested with specific duties, if appointed, shall report to the Board of Directors and to the Board of Statutory Auditors on the performance of his/her activities at least on a quarterly basis and according to the procedures established by the Board of Directors, pursuant to applicable law.

Article 16

1. The Board of Directors shall be convened at the Company’s registered office or elsewhere, in Italy or abroad, at intervals, which in general, shall be no more than three months, and, in any case, any time the Chairman deems it necessary or is requested to do so by the Managing Director or by at least two Directors. The Board of Directors may also be convened at the initiative of the Board of Statutory Auditors.
2. The Board of Directors' meetings may be held with the participants being located in different – adjacent or remote – sites and linked by telecommunication means (including audio/video links), provided that each said participant can be identified by all the other participants and is able to intervene in real time during the discussion of the topics under examination, as well as to receive, transmit and examine documents. Where these requirements are met, the Board of Directors is deemed to be held in the location in which it was convened.
3. The Board shall be convened by the Chairman or by whoever substitutes the Chairman, pursuant to Article 14 above, without prejudice to the convening powers which the laws and regulations in force from time to time reserve to the Board of Statutory Auditors and to each statutory member thereof. The notice of call, indicating the date, time, the list of items on the agenda, the place of the meeting and possible locations in which the meeting may be attended by telecommunication means, shall be sent at least three days prior to the date established for the meeting; such notice shall be sent by post, ~~telegram, fax~~ or by other electronic means, including e-mail, to each Director and Statutory Auditor, to the address notified thereby after their appointment. In case of urgency, the Board may be convened at least 24 hours before the meeting.

4. Notwithstanding the above, in circumstances of particular urgency, the meetings shall be valid, even if not convened in accordance with the formalities indicated above, when the majority of the Directors and Auditors in office, including in all events the Director appointed by the Minority List, is in attendance, and all the legally entitled persons have been previously informed of the meeting.
5. The Board of Directors shall be chaired by the Chairman or, should the Chairman be absent or prevented from performing his/her duties, by whoever replaces the Chairman, pursuant to the provisions established in Article 14.
6. The Chairman, also at the request of the other Directors, may invite members of the staff of the Company and/or members of the staff of companies forming part of the group to which they belong, or third parties to attend, without voting rights, the Board meetings where their presence may help the discussion of the items on the agenda.

Article 17

1. The Board of Directors shall be vested with full powers for the ordinary and extraordinary management of the Company, except for those powers reserved to the Shareholders' Meeting by the law and by these Articles, and it has the right to complete all acts that it deems appropriate to perform the activities constituting the corporate purpose and instrumental to the same.
2. In addition to exercising the powers that are attributed to it by law, the Board of Directors is responsible for assuming resolutions which regard adjustments to the [Articles of Association](#) ~~By — laws~~ as necessary to ensure their compliance with the legislative provisions applicable from time to time;
 - merger by incorporation of companies in the cases envisaged in Articles 2505 and 2505-bis of the Italian Civil Code;
 - demerger in the cases envisaged in Art. 2506 ter of the Italian Civil Code;
 - decrease in capital in the case of withdrawal by a shareholder;
 - indication of the persons entitled to represent the company, in addition to the persons indicated in these Articles;
 - the opening or closure - in Italy or abroad - of secondary headquarters with permanent representation;
 - the transfer of the registered office within the national territory.

The attribution of those powers to the Board of Directors does not exclude the competing jurisdiction of the Shareholders' Meeting in those matters.

3. In the case of urgency, the Chairman or the person replacing him/her, in accordance with Article 14 of the Articles, and based on a binding proposal of the Managing Director, may make decisions which fall within the Board's jurisdiction, with the exception of those decisions which shall not be delegated, according to the law. These decisions shall be notified to the Board at the first subsequent meeting.
4. The Board of Directors shall govern by regulations the operating procedures and the procedures for the exercise of powers in accordance with the provisions of law and these

articles.

Article 18

1. Board meetings shall be deemed to be valid, if the majority of the members in office are in attendance.
2. Resolutions shall be approved by the majority of the persons voting, excluding those abstaining. The person chairing the Board shall have the casting vote in the event of a tie vote.
3. Voting shall take place by open vote, unless at least one third of the Directors in attendance and voting request that the voting takes place by secret ballot. Voting in relation to elections to offices shall always take place by secret ballot, unless they take place by unanimous acclamation.

Article 19

1. The resolutions of the Board of Directors shall be recorded in minutes transcribed in a specific book, signed by the Chairman of the meeting and by the Secretary.
2. The copies signed and certified by the Chairman of the Board of Directors, or by an authorized representative thereof, or by the Secretary, shall provide full evidence thereof.

Article 20

1. Directors shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the expenses incurred by them in the performance of their functions. Furthermore, the Board shall be entitled to receive a fixed and/or variable annual remuneration that shall be resolved by the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting and that shall remain unchanged until otherwise resolved by the Shareholders' Meeting.
2. The method adopted for the distribution of the Board of Directors' remuneration among its members shall be established with a resolution approved by the Board.
3. If the Shareholders' Meeting has not already done so, the Board of Directors, after consulting the Board of Statutory Auditors, may also establish the remuneration due to Directors holding specific offices and to persons who are members of internal Board committees, in accordance with Article 2389(3), first sentence, of the Italian Civil Code.

SECTION V
INTERNAL BOARD COMMITTEES

Article 21

1. The Board of Directors has the right to set up the internal committees of a consultative and/or propositional nature, composed of Board members, and shall establish the number of members of such committees, the functions assigned to them and their operating procedures.

|

|

SECTION VI

COMPANY REPRESENTATION

Article 22

1. The Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director shall be entitled, separately, to represent the Company, also relating to legal proceedings, and to use the company signature powers, and the foregoing Chairman and Managing Director shall be entitled to designate, also for a continuous period, the Company's employees and persons seconded to the Company, as well as extraneous third parties, such as, by way of example, special attorneys and agents, in order to fulfil individual acts and transactions or given categories of acts and transactions and to appoint lawyers, experts and arbitrators, vesting them with the appropriate powers.
2. Representation in legal proceedings shall include the power to promote any acts and actions to protect the Company's rights and interests, also through the request of control, provisional or urgent measures and exercising enforcement actions, in any judicial, administrative and arbitration court, before any Authority and at every stage and level of the proceedings, with all the powers necessary for this purpose, including the authority to confer the respective powers of attorney to appear in court, also of a general nature and with all powers of law, and also to discontinue the acts and actions.
3. Executive Managers, fourth, third and second level Middle Managers, as well as the management staff vested with this power, in accordance with these Articles, shall also be entitled to sign on behalf of the Company.

The instruments issued by the Company shall be signed in joint signature, in order to be mandatory, and subject to the restriction that the third and second level Middle Managers shall only be authorised to sign jointly with a fourth level Middle Manager or with an Executive Manager.

4. The Board of Directors may assign the power of representation and signing authority to the Company's employees and to persons seconded to the Company, as well as to extraneous third parties, and establish the respective powers, limits and the procedures for exercising such powers.

SECTION VII

BOARD OF STATUTORY AUDITORS

Article 23

1. The Shareholders' Meeting shall appoint the Board of Statutory Auditors, composed of three Statutory Auditors. The Shareholders' Meeting shall also appoint two Alternate Auditors. The composition of the Board of Statutory Auditors shall ensure gender balance. The members of the Board of Statutory Auditors shall remain in office for three financial years and cease to hold office on the date of the Shareholders' Meeting convened to approve the financial statements relating to the last financial year of their term of office, and members may be re-elected. The provisions of law and these Articles shall apply with regard to their appointment, revocation and substitution, as well as with reference to the specific requirements which they must satisfy. The Shareholders' Meeting shall determine the remunerations payable to the members of the Board of Statutory Auditors.
2. The responsibilities, duties and the term of office of the Auditors shall be those established by law. Persons who exceed the limits on the accumulation of positions, or for whom causes of ineligibility, incompatibility and disqualification apply, or who do not meet the integrity and professionalism requirements, as well as any other requirements established by the current legal and regulatory provisions shall not be appointed as Auditors, and if appointed they shall cease to hold office. Matters relating to commercial law and tax law, business economics and business finance, as well as matters relating to the corporate purpose are considered to be closely related to the Company's activities, for the purposes of Article 1(2) letters b) and c) of Ministry of Justice Decree No. 162 of 30th March 2000 that establishes the requirements of professionalism and integrity. Auditors may hold administration and control positions in other companies subject to the limits established by the provisions, also regulatory provisions, in force.
3. The Statutory and Alternate Members of the Board of Auditors shall be appointed on the basis of lists submitted by authorised persons in which the candidates are to be listed by means of a progressive number. The listings are to be divided into two lists, indicating, respectively, up to 3 (three) candidates for the office of Statutory Auditor and up to 2 (two) candidates for the office of Alternate Auditor. In the case of a list submitting candidates for the office of Statutory Auditor and for the office of Alternate Auditor, at least the first candidate to the office of Statutory Auditor and at least the first candidate to the office of Alternate Auditor indicated in the respective lists shall have been registered for at least three years in the register of independent statutory auditors, and have performed the statutory auditing activity for a period of not less than 3 (three) years. In the case of a list submitting a number of candidates greater than or equal to 3 (three), each list for the appointment of a Statutory Auditor and an Alternate Auditor shall include a number of candidates belonging to the less represented gender that, in the framework of the list in question, ensures gender balance at least to the minimum extent required by

the law, and also the regulatory provisions, in force. No candidate shall be included in more than one list, under penalty of disqualification from his/her candidacy.

4. The lists shall be filed, under penalty of forfeiture, at the Company's registered office, also by remote means of communication and according to the methods indicated in the notice of call which enable the identification of the persons filing said lists, no later than twenty-five days prior to the date set for the Shareholders' Meeting (or by any other deadline set forth from time to time by applicable law). In addition, said lists shall be made available to the general public at the Company's registered office, on the Company's website, and with the other procedures set forth by applicable law, at least twenty-one days prior to the date set for the Shareholders' Meeting (or by any other deadline set forth from time to time by applicable law).
5. Each person with voting rights (as well as (i) the persons with voting rights belonging to a same group, which shall mean a person – whether a company or otherwise – exercising control as defined by Article 2359 of the Italian Civil Code and any company controlled by, or under the common control as, the same person; or (ii) the parties to a same shareholders' agreement under Article 122 of Legislative Decree No. 58 of 24th February 1998; or (iii) persons with voting rights otherwise affiliated with each other by virtue of relevant affiliate relationship as contemplated under applicable statutory and/or regulatory provisions), may submit, either individually or jointly with others, a single list of candidates, and likewise each candidate may be included in one list only, under penalty of ineligibility.
6. The persons entitled to submit lists for the appointment of the Auditors shall be the persons with voting rights who, at the time of submission of the lists, aggregately hold – whether individually or jointly – voting shares representing at least 2.5% of the share capital with voting rights in the Shareholders' Meeting or the lower percentage envisaged by mandatory provisions of law or regulations.
7. Ownership of the minimum number of shares required to submit the lists shall be determined by taking into account the shares registered in each shareholder's name, or in the name of two or more Shareholders jointly, at the time the lists are filed at the Company's registered office. Proof of ownership of the number of shares required for submitting the lists shall be certified under the applicable provisions of law; said certification may also be submitted to the Company after the list has been filed, provided it is done within the deadline set forth for the Company's publication of the lists.
8. The authorised persons that submitted lists shall also file, together with the lists, any additional documentation and statements required by the legal and regulatory provisions, in force from time to time, within the deadline indicated in paragraph 4 above. Lists that do not comply with the requirements outlined above shall be deemed not to have been submitted.
9. Each person with voting rights may vote for one list only.
10. The members of the Board of Statutory Auditors shall be elected as follows:
 - (i) 2 (two) Statutory Auditors and 1 (one) Alternate Auditor shall be drawn from the

list that received the highest number of votes validly cast, in the progressive order in which they were listed in said list;

- (ii) The remaining Statutory Auditor and the remaining Alternate Auditor shall be drawn from the list that received the highest number of votes after the list referred to in sub-paragraph (i) above, and that is not connected in any way, not even indirectly, with the persons with voting rights who submitted the list referred to in sub-paragraph (i) above, whereby, the first candidate of the respective sections shall be duly elected, respectively, as the Statutory Auditor and Alternate Auditor (hereinafter, referred to, respectively, as the “**Minority Statutory Auditor**” and the “**Minority Alternate Auditor**”).
11. The Minority Statutory Auditor shall be appointed as the Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors.
12. If only one list or if no list is submitted within the deadlines and in accordance with the procedures envisaged in the paragraphs above, or if the lists do not include a number of candidates equal to the number to be elected, the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting shall resolve the appointment or integration based on a relative majority. In the event of a tie vote among several candidates, a ballot shall be held among such candidates, by means of another vote at the Shareholders' Meeting. In any event, the Shareholders' Meeting shall have an obligation to ensure gender balance as envisaged by the legal and regulatory provisions in force.
13. In the event of death, resignation or disqualification or in the absence of a Statutory Auditor for any other reason, such Statutory Auditor shall be replaced by the Alternate Auditor drawn from the same list that included the outgoing Auditor, in accordance with the progressive order of the list, and in compliance with the minimum number of members enrolled in the register of statutory auditors who have performed statutory audit activities, pursuant to paragraph 3 above, and the principle of gender balance. Where that is not possible, the outgoing Auditor shall be replaced by the Alternate Auditor who has the characteristics indicated and drawn progressively from the minority lists which received the highest number of votes, in accordance with the progressive order of the list. If the Auditors were not appointed in accordance with the list voting system, the Alternate Auditor envisaged by the provisions of law shall take his/her place. The replacing Alternate Auditor shall also hold the office of Chairman in any circumstance that envisages replacing the Chairman of the Board of Statutory. The Shareholders' Meeting envisaged under Article 2401(1) of the Italian Civil Code shall appoint or replace the Auditors, in accordance with the principal of the necessary representation of minority shareholders and gender balance. If the Alternate Auditor who replaces the Statutory Auditor is not confirmed in office by such Shareholders' Meeting, the Alternate Auditor shall return to his/her role of Alternate Auditor.
14. The laws and regulations in force shall be observed with regard to the Auditors' responsibilities, the determination of their remuneration and the term of office.
15. The Board of Statutory Auditors shall perform the duties assigned to it by the legal and regulatory provisions applicable and in force from time to time.

16. The Board of Statutory Auditors shall be validly constituted with the presence of the majority of the Auditors, and shall resolve by an absolute majority of the persons in attendance. The vote cast by the Chairman shall prevail in the event of a tie vote.
17. The meetings of the Board of Statutory Auditors may be held by telecommunication means, if deemed appropriate by the Chairman of the Board of Statutory Auditors, provided that each participant can be identified by all the other participants and is able to intervene in real time during the discussion of the topics under examination, as well as receive, transmit and examine documents. Where these requirements are met, the Board of Statutory Auditors is deemed to be held in the location where the Chairman is present.

|

SECTION VIII

STATUTORY AUDIT

Article 24

1. The statutory audit of the Company's accounts shall be performed by an auditing company that meets the legal requirements and is listed in the appropriate register.
2. The appointment, duties, powers, responsibilities, term, revocation and remuneration for the mandate shall be disciplined by the laws and regulations in force from time to time.

SECTION IX
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROFITS

Article 25

1. The financial year ends on 31st December of each year.
2. The Board of Directors shall prepare the Company's financial statements at the end of each financial year, in compliance with the provisions of law.

Article 26

1. The net profits ascertained, and resulting from the financial statements, shall be distributed in accordance with the resolution approved by the Shareholders' Meeting after the quota to be allocated to the legal reserve has been deducted. In particular, the Shareholders' Meeting may resolve to establish and increase other reserves, on the basis of a proposal by the Board of Directors.
2. The Company may resolve the distribution of interim dividends in the circumstances, with the procedures and within the limits permitted by the laws and regulations in force.

SECTION X
OFFICER RESPONSIBLE FOR PREPARING THE COMPANY'S
ACCOUNTING DOCUMENTS

Article 27

1. The Board of Directors shall appoint an Officer responsible for preparing the Company's accounting documents (hereafter, referred to as the “**Designated Officer**”), for a maximum period of three years, in order to perform the duties attributed thereto by the laws and regulations in force, and shall establish the respective powers, means and remuneration, subject to a mandatory consultation with the Board of Statutory Auditors. The Designated Officer may be re-elected at the end of his/her term of office.
2. The Designated Officer shall be selected by the Board of Directors from among the Company's Executives who satisfy the requirements of professionalism, are characterised by specific skills and expertise from the administrative and accounting point of view. Such skills and expertise are to be verified by the Board of Directors, and shall be acquired through working experience in a position of adequate responsibility over an appropriate period of time and in enterprises which are comparable to the Company.
3. In addition, the Designated Officer shall satisfy the requirements of integrity which are envisaged by the laws and regulations in force in order to assume any offices envisaged by these Articles. If the Designated Officer ceases to meet the requirements of integrity this circumstance shall entail the Designated Officer being disqualified from holding office; in this case the Board of Directors shall promptly replace the disqualified Designated Officer.
4. The Board of Directors shall ensure that the Designated Officer has adequate powers and means to perform the duties attributed to him by the laws and regulations in force, as well as the effective compliance with the administrative and accounting procedures.
5. The Designated Officer may avail of the co-operation of all of the Company's structures when performing its duties.
6. The Designated Officer shall issue the certifications and statements prescribed thereto by the laws and regulations in force, also together with the delegated bodies, where requested.

SECTION XI
TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Article 28

1. The Company's duly designated bodies shall approve the transactions with related parties, in compliance with the legal and regulatory provisions in force, as well as with the provisions of these Articles and with the own applicable procedures adopted thereby.
2. The internal procedures adopted by the Company in relation to transactions with related parties may envisage that the Board of Directors approves the transactions of major importance, despite the negative opinion of the Independent Directors, provided that the performance of these transactions is authorised by the Shareholders' Meeting, pursuant to Article 2364(1), letter 5) of the Italian Civil Code. The Shareholders' Meeting shall resolve with the majorities envisaged by law in the circumstance referred to in the preceding paragraph, as well as in the circumstances in which a proposed resolution to be submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting in relation to a transaction of major importance is approved with a negative opinion of the Independent Directors, provided that the above-mentioned majorities prescribed by law are reached with the favourable vote of the majority of unrelated shareholders voting in the Shareholders' Meeting, and where the unrelated shareholders voting in the Shareholders' Meeting represent at least 10% of the share capital with voting rights.
3. The internal procedures adopted by the Company in relation to transactions with related parties may envisage that urgent transactions are excluded from their field of application, within the limits permitted by the applicable legal and regulatory provisions, even if such transactions fall within the jurisdiction of the Shareholders' Meeting.

SECTION XII
WITHDRAWAL

Article 29

1. The right of withdrawal shall be governed by law, without prejudice to the fact that the right of withdrawal shall not apply to Shareholders who did not vote to approve resolutions regarding the extension of the Company's duration or the introduction, change or elimination of restrictions to the circulation of the Company's shares.

|

SECTION XIII
WINDING-UP – FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 30

1. The provisions of law shall apply with regard to winding-up the Company and for all matters not expressly provided for in these Articles.